### 1 Attachment D, Wetland/Waterway

- 2 Impact analysis indicates that the Project may cause permanent impacts in 40 wetlands and
- 3 temporary impacts in 44 wetlands. Permanent impacts are proposed in 25 jurisdictional
- 4 waterways and temporary imapcts in 27 jurisdictional waterways. Features that may be
- 5 impacted are itemized in Attachments I and O below.

### 6 Attachment E, Directions to the Site

- 7 Maps identifying impact sites on wetlands and other waters are included as Figures C-1 through
- 8 C-5.18 in Attachment C, above. These figures include roads and other landmarks to serve as
- 9 directions to the removal fill sites.

# 1 BLOCK 3 PROPOSED PROJECT INFORMATION

## 2 Attachment F, State and Federally Listed Species

Exhibit Q provides expanded information about threatened and endangered species that may
be present in the Project site (Site Boundary). A summary of state and federally listed species
potentially within the site boundary is provided in Table F-1. Data from Oregon Biodiversity
Information Center obtained in 2008 and 2010 were used to help develop threatened and

- 7 endangered species information.
- 8

9 Table F-1. Federal or State Listed Threatened and Endangered Species Potentially
 10 Present within the Project Site (Site Boundary)

Common Name	Federal	State	Present in Wetlands or	
Scientific Name	Status	Status	Other Waters	Documented Use of Analysis Area <sup>1</sup>
Wildlife			1	1
Gray Wolf <i>Canis lupus</i>	E (west of Highway 395)	Е	No	Two records in existing databases for the Baker County area. Not found during surveys.
Washington Ground Squirrel Spermophilus washingtoni	С	Е	No <sup>2</sup>	Multiple records in existing databases, mostly along the Boardman Bombing Range; 12 active colonies identified in the Analysis Area during surveys.
Fish				
Bull Trout Salvelinus confluentus	T, CH	SC	Yes; but not impacted waters.	ORBIC record in the Grande Ronde River and its tributaries. Current literature states that they do occur in the streams or drainages within the Analysis Area.
Middle Columbia River Steelhead <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	T, CH	SC	Yes; but not impacted waters.	ORBIC record in Birch Creek and its tributary, Stewart Creek, and in Meacham Creek. Current literature states that they do occur in the streams or drainages within the Analysis Area.
Snake River Basin Steelhead <i>Oncorhynchus myki</i> ss	Т, СН	SV	Yes; but not impacted waters.	ORBIC record in Ladd Creek, Rock Creek and its tributaries, Dry Creek and its tributaries, and Whiskey Creek; all of which are tributaries to the Grande Ronde River. Current literature states that they do occur in the streams or drainages within the Analysis Area.
Snake River Chinook (Spring/Summer Run) Oncorhynchus tshwatscha	Т, СН	Т	Yes; but not impacted waters.	ORBIC record in the Grande Ronde River. Current literature states that they do occur in the streams or drainages within the Analysis Area.
Plants	1		1	Multiple generals in suisting details and the second distribution
Cronquist's Stickseed Hackelia cronquistii	-	Т	No	at 11 locations in Malheur County during surveys.
Cusick's Lupine Lupinus lepidus var. cusickii	-	Е	No	No existing database records or survey observations.
Cronquist's Stickseed Hackelia cronquistii	-	т	No	Multiple records in existing databases. Identified at 11 locations in Malheur County during surveys.

11

Federal or State Listed Threatened and Endangered Species Potentially Table F-1. Present within the Project Site (Site Boundary) (continued)

Common Namo	Endoral	State	Present in Wotlands or	
Scientific Name	Status	Status	Other Waters	Documented Use of Analysis Area <sup>1</sup>
Cusick's Lupine Lupinus lepidus var. cusickii	-	Е	No	No existing database records or survey observations.
Golden Buckwheat Eriogonum chrysops	-	Т	No	No existing database records or survey observations.
Howell's Spectacular Thelypody Thelypodium howellii ssp. spectabilis	т	Е	No	Multiple records in existing databases. Not found during surveys.
Laurence's Milk-Vetch Astragalus collinus var. laurentii	-	т	No	Multiple records in existing databases for the area between the Boardman Bombing Range and Pilot Rock. Was found in this vicinity during 2011 sensitive plant surveys.
Malheur Valley Fiddleneck <i>Amsinckia carinata</i>	-	т	No	No existing database records or survey observations.
Mulford's Milk-Vetch Astragalus mulfordiae	-	Е	No	Multiple records in existing databases. Not found during surveys.
Oregon Semaphore Grass Pleuropogon oregonus	-	т	No	Multiple records in existing databases. Not found during surveys.
Packard's Mentzelia <i>Mentzelia packardiae</i>	-	т	No	No existing database records or survey observations. Furthermore, suitable habitat for this species (ashy soil) does not occur within the portion of the Project that crosses this species habitat; therefore, this species is highly unlikely to occur within the analysis area.
Red-Fruited Lomatium Lomatium erythrocarpum	-	E	No	No existing database records or survey observations.
Salt Heliotrope Heliotropium curassavicum	-	Е	No	Multiple records in existing databases. Not found during surveys.
Smooth Mentzelia Mentzelia mollis	-	Е	No	Multiple records in existing databases. Not found in Oregon during surveys.
Snake River Goldenweed <i>Pyrrocoma radiata</i>	-	E	No	Multiple records in existing databases. Identified at 11 locations in Baker County during surveys.
Sterile Milk-Vetch (a.k.a. Cusick's Milk- vetch) Astragalus cusickii var. sterilis	-	Т	No	Multiple records in existing databases. Not found during surveys.

T = Threatened; E = Endangered; C = Candidate for listing; CH = Critical Habitat designated under the federal ESA; SC = State Sensitive Critical; SV = State Sensitive Vulnerable

<sup>1</sup> Based on results of Project specific surveys, as well as the databases discussed in Section 3.2.1 (e.g., 2012 ORBIC or GeoBOB data) of Exhibit Q.Analysis area extends 0.5 miles from the Site Boundary. <sup>2</sup> Based on colony boundaries. 785-foot-wide buffers of some colonies overlap wetlands.

# 1 Attachment G, Cultural and Historic Resources

- 2 Surveys of historic, cultural and archaeological resources are ongoing. The surveys are being
- 3 conducted in compliance with Section 106 protocols and in consultation with the Native
- 4 American tribes affected by the Project and the Oregon State Historic Preservation Office.
- 5 Exhibit S provides information about historic, cultural and archaeological resources.

# 6 Attachment H, Wild and Scenic Rivers; State Scenic Waterways

- 7 No impacts are proposed to wild and scenic rivers or state scenic waterways.
- 8 BLOCK 4 PROPOSED PROJECT PURPOSE AND DESCRIPTION

### 9 Attachment I, Project Purpose and Description

- 10 Project Purpose and Need.
- 11 The Project is proposed for the following purposes:
- To allow IPC to meet its obligations to serve its retail customers located in the states of
   Idaho and Oregon.
- To comply with the requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC)
   that IPC construct adequate transmission infrastructure to provide service to wholesale
   customers in accordance with IPC's Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT) (2008).
- To provide a cost-effective resource which serves as a critical component of the
   Company's preferred resource portfolio presented in IPC's 2009 Integrated Resource
   Plan (IRP) which has been acknowledged by both the Idaho Public Utilities Commission
   (IPUC) and the Oregon Public Utility Commission (OPUC).
- 21 The primary needs for the Project are:
- To allow IPC to maintain reliable electric service pursuant to the standards set forth by
   the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) and implemented by the
   Western Electricity Coordinating Council (WECC).
- To relieve congestion of the existing transmission system and enhance the reliable,
   efficient and cost-effective energy transfer capability between the Pacific Northwest and
   Intermountain regions.
- In short, the Project will relieve existing congestion, alleviate reliability constraints, and provide
   additional capacity for the delivery of needed energy to IPC's Boise service area by 2018.
- 30 Project Description
- 31 1. Volumes and acreages of all fill and removal activities in waterway or wetland separately
- 32 2. Permanent and temporary impacts
- Table I-1A provides temporary and permanent impacts for each wetland. Table I-1B provides temporary and permanent impacts for each water. These tables include features delineated in
- 35 2011 and 2012, and NWI and NHD features with preliminary boundaries.
- 36 To ensure that the total project impacts used in the JPA are conservative, the total impact
- 37 acreage reported in tables I-1A and I-1B were adjusted upward by 33 percent to account for
- 38 possible inaccuracies in NWI and NHD boundaries on features not yet delineated. Then, a 25
- 39 percent contingency was added to the total impact.

		Permanent Impacts			Ten	nporary Impac	ts
		Impact	Removal	Fill	Impact	Removal	Fill
County	Feature Name	Acres	cu yd	cu yd	Acres	cu yd	cu yd
Permane	nt Impacts						
Morrow	MO G 64	0.005	0	0			
Umatilla	UM G 82	0.230	3	9			
Umatilla	UM G 26	0.005	0	0			
Umatilla	UM G 80	0.048	0	0			
Union	UN G 137	0.021	14	15			
Union	UN G 41	0.187	46	48			
Union	UN G 46	0.005	9	9			
Baker	BApro 326	0.010	45	48			
Baker	23082012 1040 NK	0.041	37	38			
Baker	BA G 115	0.000	15	15			
Baker	BA G 118	0.005	14	15			
Baker	BA G 132	0.006	18	19			
Baker	BA G 142	0.005	13	14			
Baker	BA G 144	0.000	13	14			
Baker	BA G 147	0.004	13	14			
Baker	BA G 186	0.012	62	66			
Baker	BA G 46	0.003	32	34			
Baker	BA G 48	0.014	13	14			
Baker	BA G 80	0.006	18	19			
Baker	BA G 222	0.009	0	0			
Baker	BApro 594	0.036	28	30			
Baker	BA G 210	0.029	32	34			
Baker	BA G 166	0.012	14	15			
Malheur	08112012 1524 JRS	0.074	50	54			
Malheur	MA G 12	0.006	11	11			
Malheur	MA G 128	0.012	27	29			
Malheur	MA G 19	0.006	13	14			
Malheur	MA G 24	0.006	15	16			
Malheur	MA G 267	0.007	18	19			
Malheur	MA G 294	0.007	0	0			
Malheur	MA G 37	0.062	60	65			
Malheur	MA G 43	0.013	13	0			
Malheur	MA G 24	0.007	15	16			
Malheur	Malpro 570	0.003	13	14			
Malheur	Malpro 576	0.001	13	14			
Malheur	MalWllwCk 214	0.003	21	23			
Malheur	MalWilwCrk 621	0.015	15	16			
Malheur	MApro 446-NWI	0.003	35	38			
Malheur	MA G 141	0.374	101	111			
Malheur	Malpro 573	0.061	40	43			
Tempora	arv Impacts	0.001				l	1
Morrow	MO G 64				0.137	221	221
Umatilla	UM G 26				0.007	11	11
Umatilla	UM G 80				0.050	81	81
Umatilla	UM G 82				0.011	18	18
Union	UN G 137				0.021	35	35
Union	UN G 41				0.187	301	301
Union	UN G 46				0.005	.9	.9
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · ·

### 1 **Table I-1A.** Temporary and Permanent Potential Impacts to Wetlands

		Permanent Impacts		Temporary Impacts			
_		Impact	Removal	Fill	Impact	Removal	Fill
County	Feature Name	Acres	cu yd	cu yd	Acres	cu yd	cu yd
Baker	BApro_326				0.056	91	91
Baker	23082012_1040_NK				0.114	183	183
Baker	BA_G_115				0.002	3	3
Baker	BA_G_118				0.011	17	17
Baker	BA_G_132				0.008	13	13
Baker	BA_G_142				0.006	10	10
Baker	BA_G_178				0.005	8	8
Baker	BA_G_186				0.098	157	157
Baker	BA_G_222				0.006	9	9
Baker	BApro_594				0.060	97	97
Baker	BApro_332				0.021	34	34
Malheur	08112012_1524_JRS- Malheur				0.085	138	138
Malheur	MA_G_12				0.007	11	11
Malheur	MA G 128				0.008	12	12
Malheur	 MA G 19				0.039	63	63
Malheur	MA G 24				0.015	24	24
Malheur	MA_G_267				0.003	6	6
Malheur	MA_G_277				0.041	67	67
Malheur	MA_G_37				0.100	161	161
Malheur	MA_G_43				0.025	41	41
Malheur	MA_G_44				0.029	46	46
Malheur	Malpro_225				0.037	43	95
Malheur	Malpro_570				0.004	14	15
Malheur	Malpro_576				0.001	2	2
Malheur	Malpro_578				0.003	5	5
Malheur	MalWllwCk_214				0.002	4	4
Malheur	MalWIIwCrk_322				0.124	32	39
Malheur	MalWllwCrk_621				0.017	13	14
Malheur	MApro_134				0.000	0	0
Malheur	MApro_446-NWI				0.001	2	2
Malheur	MApro_502				0.008	13	13
Malheur	MApro_504				0.006	10	10
Malheur	MA_G_141				0.426	687	687
Malheur	MA_G_228				0.097	156	156
Malheur	MA_G_269				0.000	1	1
Malheur	Malpro_573				0.561	60	72
Malheur	MA_G_203				0.001	1	1
	Totals	1.353	902	950	2.467	2932	3025
Ac	dd 33% NWI-NHD adjustment	1.800	1199	1264	3.281	3899	4024
	Add 25% contingency	2.250	1499	1580	4.101	4874	5030
2							

# 1 **Table I-1A.** Temporary and Permanent Potential Impacts to Wetlands (continued)

3

1

# 2 **Table I-1B.** Temporary and Permanent Potential Impacts to Other Waters

		Permanent Impacts		acts	Temp	orary Impac	cts
		Impact	Removal	Fill	Impact	Removal	Fill
County	Feature Name	Acres	cu yd	cu yd	Acres	cu yd	cu yd
Permaner	nt Impacts						
Morrow	No Features	0.000	0	0			
Umatilla	UM_G_104	0.002	1	7			
Umatilla	UM_G_110	0.002	1	7			
Umatilla	UM_G_31	0.003	1	7			
Union	UN_G_130	0.003	1	7			
Union	UN_G_131	0.005	1	7			
Union	UN_G_141	0.008	2	7			
Union	UN_G_58	0.005	2	7			
Union	UN12_1273	0.004	2	7			
Union	UN12_1365	0.010	3	7			
Union	UN_G_73	0.010	2	7			
Union	UN_G_75	0.008	2	7			
Baker	BA12_1512	0.020	15	12			
Baker	BA12_1542	0.003	5	7			
Baker	BA_G_203	0.002	1	7			
Baker	BApro_341	0.003	1	7			
Malheur	MalWllwCrk_375	0.005	2	3			
Malheur	MA_G_103	0.004	1	7			
Malheur	MA_G_110	0.004	1	7			
Malheur	MA_G_23	0.003	1	7			
Malheur	MA_G_293	0.060	5	25			
Malheur	MA_G_3a	0.003	14	10			
Malheur	MA_G_3b	0.003	14	10			
Malheur	MA_G_3c	0.003	14	10			
Malheur	MA_G_7	0.001	1	7			
Malheur	MA_G_127	0.060	2	7			
Tempora	y Impacts						
Morrow	No Features				0	0	0
Umatilla	UM_G_104				0.002	1	7
Umatilla	UM_G_110				0.002	1	7
Umatilla	UM_G_31				0.003	1	7
Union	UN_G_130				0.003	1	7
Union	UN_G_131				0.005	1	7
Union	UN_G_141				0.008	2	7
Union	UN_G_58				0.005	2	7
Union	UN12_1273				0.004	1	7
Union	UN12_1365				0.010	3	7
Union	UN_G_73				0.010	2	7
Union	UN_G_75				0.008	2	7
Baker	BA12 1512				0.020	15	

3

4

5

		Permanent Impacts		Temporary Impacts		ts	
		Impact	Removal	Fill cu	Impact	Removal	Fill cu
County	Feature Name	Acres	cu yd	yd	Acres	cu yd	yd
Baker	BA12_1542				0.003	5	12
Baker	BA_G_203				0.002	1	7
Baker	BApro_341				0.003	1	7
Malheur	MA_G_103				0.004	1	7
Malheur	MA_G_110				0.004	1	7
Malheur	MA_G_23				0.003	1	7
Malheur	MA_G_293				0.060	5	25
Malheur	MA_G_3a				0.003	14	10
Malheur	MA_G_3b				0.003	14	10
Malheur	MA_G_3c				0.003	14	10
Malheur	MA_G_7				0.001	1	7
Malheur	MA12_1674				0.002	1	7
Malheur	MalWllwCrk_375				0.005	2	3
Malheur	MA_G_127				0.060	2	7
	Totals	0.234	94	203	0.236	94	203
Add 33	% NWI-NHD adjustment	0.311	125	269	0.313	125	269
	Add 25% contingency	0.388	156	337	0.392	157	337

#### 1 **Table I-1B.** Temporary and Permanent Potential Impacts to Other Waters (continued)

2 3

### 3. Types of materials (e.g., gravel, silt, clay, etc.)

Gravel, silt, clay, sand, loam, rock, and organic material will all likely be excavated from
wetlands and waters during project construction. Fill material will consist of gravel, silt, clay,
sand, loam, rock, and crushed rock, depending on the construction site and job to be
accomplished. No material will be excavated from waters of the state for use as fill material. No
excavated material will be disposed of in waters of the state.

- 9 4. How the project will be accomplished (i.e., describe construction methods, equipment, site access)
- 11 The following description of how the Project will be constructed is extracted and summarized
- 12 from the Project Plan of Development, Appendix B, Transmission Line and Substation
- 13 Components, Section 2 (November 2011).

### 14 Transmission Line System Roads

- 15 Construction of the new transmission lines would require vehicle, truck, and crane access to
- 16 each new structure site for construction crews, materials, and equipment. Similarly, construction
- 17 of other Project components such as staging areas and substation sites would require vehicle
- 18 access.
- 19 Transmission line right-of-way (ROW) access would be a combination of new access roads,
- 20 improvements to existing roads, and use of existing roads as is. Unimproved, overland travel
- 21 routes will be established in flat and moderate terrain where safe and practical. They may
- consist of existing or new roads with minor grading or clearing; two track roads created by
- construction vehicles driving directly over low growth vegetation and brush, leaving no defined
- roadway beyond crushed vegetation; or any combination along the route. In some cases stumps
- or large root wads will be removed with the aid of a bulldozer and surface restored with a grader. In steep terrain new bladed access roads would be constructed using a bulldozer or

- 1 grader, followed by a roller to compact and smooth the ground. Front-end loaders will be used
- to move the soil locally or off-site as necessary. Typically, access to the transmission line ROW
- 3 and tower sites requires a 14-foot-wide travel way for straight sections of road and a 16- to 20-
- foot-wide travel way at corners to facilitate safe movement of equipment and vehicles. In steep,
   rugged terrain, 8-foot-wide all-terrain vehicle (ATV) trails may be established to facilitate
- 6 permanent access for off-road 4-wheel maintenance utility vehicles (UTVs).
- 7 Wherever possible, existing roads will be used and new access roads would be constructed
- 8 within the proposed transmission line ROW. In other cases, new access roads would be
- 9 required between the proposed transmission line and existing roads outside of the ROW,
- 10 particularly in steep terrain where new bladed roads will often follow the contours to minimize
- 11 grades. Erosion control and sedimentation measures such as at-grade water bars, culverts,
- 12 sediment basins, or perimeter control would be installed as required to minimize erosion during
- 13 and subsequent to construction of the Project.

### 14 Staging Areas

- 15 Construction of the Project will begin with the establishment of staging areas, or laydown yards.
- 16 The staging areas will serve as field offices; reporting locations for workers; parking space for
- 17 vehicles and equipment; and sites for material storage, fabrication assembly, concrete batch
- 18 plants, and stations for equipment maintenance. Staging areas, about 20 acres each for 500-kV
- 19 construction and 10 acres each for 138/69-kV construction, will be located approximately every
- 20 25 miles along the route. Additionally, fly yards for helicopter operations will be located
- approximately every 10 miles along the route where helicopter construction is planned, and will
- 22 occupy approximately 10 to 15 acres.
- 23 Staging areas and helicopter fly yards will be fenced and their gates locked. Security guards will
- 24 be stationed where needed. Staging area locations will be finalized following discussion with the
- 25 land management agency or negotiations with landowners. In some areas, the staging area
- may need to be scraped by a bulldozer and a temporary layer of rock laid to provide an all-
- weather surface. Unless otherwise directed by the landowner, the rock will be removed from the
- staging area upon completion of construction and the area will be restored.

# 29 Site Preparation

- 30 Individual structure sites will be cleared to install the transmission line support structures and
- 31 facilitate access for future transmission line and structure maintenance. Clearing of individual
- 32 structure sites will be required to install the structures. Clearing individual structure sites will be
- done using a bulldozer to blade the required area. At each single-circuit 500-kV structure
- 34 location, an area approximately 250 feet by 250 feet will be needed for construction laydown,
- 35 tower assembly, and erection at each tower site. This area will provide a safe working space for
- 36 placing equipment, vehicles, and materials. The work area will be cleared of vegetation only to
- 37 the extent necessary. For 138/69-kV structures, the site preparation area will be approximately
- 38 100 feet by 100 feet. After line construction, areas not needed for normal transmission line
- maintenance, including fire and personnel safety clearance areas, will be graded to blend as
- 40 near as possible with the natural contours, then revegetated as required.
- 41 Additional equipment may be required if solid rock is encountered at a structure location. Rock-
- 42 hauling, hammering, or blasting may be required to remove the rock. Excess rock that is too
- 43 large in size or volume to be spread at the individual structure sites will be hauled away and
- 44 disposed of at approved landfills or at a location specified by the landowner.
- 45

#### 1 Lattice Steel Tower Foundations

2 Each 500-kV support structure will require the installation of foundations, which are typically

3 drilled concrete piers. First, four holes will be excavated for each structure. The holes will be

4 drilled using truck- or track-mounted augers of various sizes depending on the diameter and

5 depth requirements of the hole to be drilled. Each foundation will extend approximately 1 to 2 6 feet above the ground level.

7 **H-Frame Installation** 

8 Each 500-kV H-frame structure will require the installation of drilled pier foundations. Two or

9 three foundations will be required per H-frame structures. The holes for each foundation will be

10 drilled using truck- or track-mounted augers of various sizes depending on the diameter and

11 depth requirements of the hole to be drilled. The diameter of each foundation will be

12 approximately 7 to 8 feet at a depth of 30 to 40 feet. Each foundation will extend approximately

13 1 to 2 feet above the ground level.

#### 14 Monopole Installation

15 Tangent 138/69-kV monopole structures will require the poles to be directly embedded in the

16 ground. Holes will be drilled in the ground using a truck- or track-mounted auger. The diameter

17 of the hole excavated for embedment is typically between 5 and 6 feet. Depths of the holes

18 range from 15 to 25 feet deep. When the poles are placed in the holes, the hole will be

19 backfilled with native or select backfill. When backfill must be imported, material must be

20 obtained from commercial sources or from areas free of noxious weed species.

21 Angle and dead-end 138/69-kV monopole structures will require the installation of drilled pier

22 foundations. The hole for each foundation will be drilled using a truck- or track-mounted auger of

23 various sizes depending on the diameter and depth requirements of the hole to be drilled. The

diameter of the foundation will be approximately 5 to 6 feet with at a depth of 20 to 25 feet deep.

25 Each drilled pier foundation will extend approximately one to two feet above the ground level.

26 Where solid rock is encountered, blasting, rock hauling, or the use of a rock anchoring or micro-

27 pile system may be required. Micro-piles are high capacity, small diameter (5-inch to 12-inch)

28 drilled and grouted in-place piles designed with steel reinforcement to primarily resist structural

29 loading. The rock anchoring or micro-pile system will be used in areas where site access is

30 limited or adjacent structures could be damaged as a result of blasting or rock hauling activities.

31 In environmentally sensitive areas with very soft soils, a HydroVac, which uses water pressure

32 and a vacuum, may be used to excavate material into a storage tank. Alternatively, a temporary

33 casing may be used during drilling to hold the excavation open, after which the casing is

34 withdrawn as the concrete is placed in the hole. In areas where it is not possible to operate

35 large drilling equipment due to access or environmental constraints, hand digging may be

36 required.

37 Reinforced-steel anchor bolt cages will be installed after excavation and prior to structure

installation. These cages are designed to strengthen the structural integrity of the foundations

39 and will be assembled at the nearest Project laydown yard and delivered to the structure site via

40 flatbed truck or helicopter. These cages will be inserted in the holes prior to pouring concrete.

41 The excavated holes containing the reinforcing anchor bolt cages will be filled with concrete.

42 Typically, and because of the remote location of much of the transmission line route, concrete

- 43 will be provided from portable batch plants set up approximately every 25 miles along the line
- 44 route in one of the staging areas. Concrete will be delivered directly to structure sites in

- 1 concrete trucks with a capacity of up to 10 cubic yards. In the more developed areas along the
- 2 route and in proximity to the substations, the construction contractor may use local concrete
- 3 providers to deliver concrete to the site when economically feasible.

#### 4 Erect Support Structures

- 5 The steel support structures will be assembled on site, except where helicopter delivery is
- 6 employed. Steel members for each structure will be delivered to the site by flatbed truck.
- 7 Assembly will be facilitated on site by a truck-mounted crane. Subsequent to assembly, the
- 8 structures will be lifted onto foundations using a large crane designed for erecting towers.
- 9 Where possible, the crane will move along the ROW from structure to structure site erecting the
- 10 towers, if access along the ROW is not possible the crane will leave the ROW and use the
- 11 access road network to reach the next structure.
- 12 The H-frame and monopole structures will be framed on-site. Two methods of assembly can be
- 13 used to accomplish this, the first of which is to assemble the poles, braces, cross arms,
- 14 hardware, and insulators on the ground. A crane is then used to set the fully framed structure by
- 15 placing the poles in the excavated holes. Alternatively, aerial framing can be used by setting the
- 16 poles in the ground first and assembling the braces, cross arms, hardware, and insulators in the
- 17 air. Where possible, the crane will move along the ROW from structure to structure site setting
- 18 the structures.

### 19 String Conductors, Shield Wire, and Fiber Optic Ground Wire

- 20 Conductor, shield wire, and optical ground wire (OPGW) will be placed on the transmission line
- 21 support structures by a process called stringing. The first step to wire stringing will be to install
- 22 insulators (if not already installed on the structures during ground assembly) and stringing
- 23 sheaves. Stringing sheaves are rollers that are temporarily attached to the lower portion of the
- insulators at each transmission line support structure to allow conductors to be pulled along the line.
- 26 Additionally, temporary clearance structures (also called guard structures) will be erected where
- 27 required prior to stringing any transmission lines. The temporary clearance structures are
- typically vertical wood poles with cross arms and are erected at road crossings or crossings with
- 29 other energized electric and communication lines to prevent contact during stringing activities.
- 30 Bucket trucks may also be used to provide temporary clearance. Bucket trucks are trucks fitted
- 31 with a hinged arm ending in an enclosed platform called a bucket, which can be raised to let the
- 32 worker in the bucket service portions of the transmission structure as well as the insulators and
- 33 conductors without climbing the structure.
- Once the stringing sheaves and temporary clearance structures are in place, the initial stringing operation will commence with the pulling of a lightweight "sock" line through the sheaves along the same path the transmission line will follow. Typically the sock line is pulled in via helicopter. The sock line is attached to the hard line, which follows the sock line as it is pulled through the sheaves. The hard line will then be attached to the conductor, shield wire, or OPGW to pull them through the sheaves into their final location. Pulling the lines may be accomplished by attaching them to a specialized wire stringing vehicle. Following the initial pulling of the wire into
- the sheaves, the wire will then be tensioned to achieve the correct sag between support
- 42 structures.
- 43 Pulling and tensioning sites for 500-kV construction will be required approximately every 2 to 3
- 44 miles along the ROW and will require approximately 5 acres at each end of the wire section to
- 45 accommodate required equipment. The 138/69-kV pulling and tensioning sites will be required
- 46 approximately every 1 to 2 miles along the ROW and will require approximately 1.2 acres each

to accommodate required equipment. Equipment at sites required for pulling and tensioning activities will include tractors and trailers with spooled reels that hold the conductors and trucks with the tensioning equipment. To the extent practicable, pulling and tensioning sites will be located within the ROW. Depending on topography, minor grading may be required at some sites to create level pads for equipment. Finally, the tension and sag of conductors and wires

6 will be fine-tuned, stringing sheaves will be removed, and the conductors will be permanently7 attached to the insulators at the support structures.

5. Describe any changes that the project may make to the hydraulic and hydrologic
characteristics (e.g., general direction of stream and surface water flow, estimated winter
and summer flow volumes.) of the waters of the state, and an explanation of measures
taken to avoid or minimize any adverse effects of those changes..

12 The Project will not cause adverse effects on the hydraulic and hydrologic characterisitics of 13 waters of the state. There will be no direct effects (removal or fill) during the Project's operation, 14 and roads will be constructed using best management practices to prevent erosion and

- 15 subsequent sedimentation in waters during the operational life of the Project.
- 16 Road crossings will be designed and constructed to not affect existing flow characteristics

17 including the duration, extent of the wetted channel, overflow or bypass channels, meander

18 opportunities or downstream hydraulic and hydrologic characteristics, of streams.

19 All temporary effects on waters of the state will be rehabilitated within 24 months according to 20 the rehabilitation plan in Attachment Q.

### 21 Attachment J, Project Drawings

- 22 Impact site location maps are provided in Attachment C above.
- 23 Site plan drawings depicting permanent and temporary impacts to wetlands and waters are
- 24 provided in Figures J-1 J-5, below.
- 25 Figures J-6 through J-10 below illustrate typical site plans and cross sections for road crossings
- and tower construction in wetlands and other waters.
- 27





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	Route Type — Proposed Route	FIGURE J2
Miles	<ul> <li>Alternative Corridor Segment</li> </ul>	UMATILLA COUNTY OVERVIEW
0 1.25 2.5 5	Primary Limited Access or Interstate	WETLANDS AND WATERS IMPACT LOCATIONS
Baker	<ul> <li>Primary US and State Highways</li> </ul>	
	— Secondary State and County	FEBRUARY 2013

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140

35 70

Stream - Site Boundary Ephemeral Stream



Wetland - Site Boundary \_\_\_] June 2012 Site Boundary

```
Stream - Permanent Impacts
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Stream - Temporary Impacts
```

WETLANDS AND WATERS IMPACT LOCATIONS

FEBRUARY 2013









June 2012 Site Boundary
Stream - Permanent Impacts
Stream - Temporary Impacts

Wetland - Permanent Impact

FIGURE J2.3 UMATILLA COUNTY WETLANDS AND WATERS IMPACT LOCATIONS

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0	Unedla Vallees	Route Type — Proposed Route	FIGURE J3
Miles		— Alternative Corridor Segment	UNION COUNTY OVERVIEW
0 1.25 2.5 5		Primary Limited Access or Interstate	WETLANDS AND WATERS
	Baker	Primary US and State Highways	
an INCORP CONTAINS	Gent Washington	Secondary State and County	FEBRUARY 2013

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Ephemeral Stream Intermittent Stream Perennial Stream

Stream - Permanent Impacts Stream - Temporary Impacts

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Stream - Temporary Impacts

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Stream - Temporary Impacts

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Stream - Temporary Impacts

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![](_page_25_Figure_0.jpeg)

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![](_page_26_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Figure_0.jpeg)

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![](_page_28_Figure_0.jpeg)

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![](_page_29_Figure_0.jpeg)

Stream - Temporary Impacts

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![](_page_30_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Figure_0.jpeg)

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![](_page_33_Figure_0.jpeg)

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![](_page_34_Figure_0.jpeg)

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![](_page_35_Figure_0.jpeg)

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Alternative Corridor Segment

- Secondary State and County

Primary Limited Access or Interstate

Primary US and State Highways

MALHEUR COUNTY OVERVIEW WETLANDS AND WATERS IMPACT LOCATIONS

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Miles

5

0 1.25 2.5

POWER



Intermittent Stream

Perennial Stream

Stream - Temporary Impacts



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POWER

0 25

- Stream Site Boundary Ephemeral Stream
- Intermittent Stream
- Perennial Stream
- Wetland Permanent Impact
  Wetland Site Boundary
  U June 2012 Site Boundary L\_
- Stream Permanent Impacts
- Stream Temporary Impacts

## WETLANDS AND WATERS IMPACT LOCATIONS

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Stream - Permanent Impacts
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Stream - Temporary Impacts
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FIGURE J5.8 MALHEUR COUNTY WETLANDS AND WATERS IMPACT LOCATIONS

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Stream - Temporary Impacts

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Stream - Permanent Impacts

Stream - Temporary Impacts

MALHEUR COUNTY WETLANDS AND WATERS IMPACT LOCATIONS





Figure J5.15 intentionally absent.













Wetland - Permanent Impact Wetland - Site Boundary June 2012 Site Boundary L

Stream - Permanent Impacts

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Stream - Temporary Impacts
```

WETLANDS AND WATERS IMPACT LOCATIONS

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Stream - Temporary Impacts

















Stream - Permanent Impacts
Stream - Temporary Impacts

MALHEUR COUNTY WETLANDS AND WATERS IMPACT LOCATIONS

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Stream - Temporary Impacts











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Stream - Temporary Impacts
```

MALHEUR COUNTY WETLANDS AND WATERS IMPACT LOCATIONS

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Wetland - Temporary Disturbance
Wetland - Permanent Impact
Wetland - Site Boundary
June 2012 Site Boundary

Stream - Permanent Impacts Stream - Temporary Impacts FIGURE J5.24 MALHEUR COUNTY WETLANDS AND WATERS IMPACT LOCATIONS

FEBRUARY 2013

. .











	Intermittent Stream
-	Perennial Stream

Wetland - Permanent Impact Wetland - Site Boundary June 2012 Site Boundary L

```
Stream - Permanent Impacts
Stream - Temporary Impacts
```

MALHEUR COUNTY WETLANDS AND WATERS IMPACT LOCATIONS

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FIGURE J5.27 MALHEUR COUNTY WETLANDS AND WATERS IMPACT LOCATIONS

FEBRUARY 2013



June 2012 Site Boundary

Stream - Permanent Impacts

Stream - Temporary Impacts

FEBRUARY 2013

L\_

Intermittent Stream

- Perennial Stream











```
Wetland - Permanent Impact
Wetland - Site Boundary
June 2012 Site Boundary
        Stream - Permanent Impacts
        Stream - Temporary Impacts
```

MALHEUR COUNTY WETLANDS AND WATERS IMPACT LOCATIONS

FEBRUARY 2013











Stream - Permanent Impacts

Stream - Temporary Impacts

```
FIGURE J5.31
MALHEUR COUNTY
WETLANDS AND WATERS
IMPACT LOCATIONS
```

FEBRUARY 2013















Stream - Temporary Impacts

MALHEUR COUNTY WETLANDS AND WATERS IMPACT LOCATIONS

FEBRUARY 2013











Intermittent Stream	L.
Perennial Stream	

Wetland - Permanent Impact
Wetland - Site Boundary
June 2012 Site Boundary L\_ Stream - Permanent Impacts Stream - Temporary Impacts

MALHEUR COUNTY WETLANDS AND WATERS IMPACT LOCATIONS FEBRUARY 2013



Stream - Temporary Impacts

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#### FEBRUARY 2013

Stream - Temporary Impacts



1

2

PRELIMINARY APPLICATION FOR SITE CERTIFICATE

Page JPA-18



1

PRELIMINARY APPLICATION FOR SITE CERTIFICATE



PRELIMINARY APPLICATION FOR SITE CERTIFICATE



1

2

PRELIMINARY APPLICATION FOR SITE CERTIFICATE

Page JPA-21



# 1 BLOCK 5 PROJECT IMPACTS AND ALTERNATIVES

### 2 Attachment K, Alternatives Analysis

3 Through the 2011 Integrated Resource Plan (IRP), IPC evaluated the Project portfolio as one of

4 nine alternative portfolios. The Project portfolio represents the lowest-cost resource that will

5 ensure that IPC is able to meet growing load and maintain its system in a safe, reliable, and

6 economic manner, and was selected on the basis of extensive cost analysis performed as part

7 of the IRP process

8 IPC is fully engaged in a comprehensive evaluation of resources on the 283-mile long Proposed

9 Corridor and seven alternate corridor sebments totaling 107 miles. This effort includes planning

10 for avoidance and minimization of impacts to numerous resources including but not limited to 11 waters of the state, threatened and endangered species, agricultural land, visual resources, and

11 waters of the state, threatened and endangered species, agricultural land, visual resources, and 12 Section 106 resources. Selection of the final route and final micrositing of Project facilities must

13 strike a balance of minimal impacts to all resources.

14 This alternatives analysis is ongoing. IPC is committed to achieving minimal impact to all

resources, to the greatest extent possible while preserving the feasibility of accomplishing the project in terms of cost, logistics and technology.

## 17 Attachment L, Measures to Minimize Impacts

18 IPC is actively engaged in avoiding and minimizing impacts to wetlands and waters. Table M-1

19 documents avoidance and minimization efforts that have occurred on some wetlands and

20 waters. This information is not exhaustive; other avoidance and minimization actions have been 21 taken that are not recorded here.

21 taken that are not recorded here.

IPC will use BMPs to minimize impacts to wetland and streams. Typical BMPs for stream

crossings are listed below.

#### 24 General BMP's for Stream Crossings:

- Avoid crossing streams when practical.
- Cross at right angles at a point where the stream bed is straight and uniform.
- Minimize the use of equipment in the stream bed.
- Limit construction activity to periods of low flow or when streams are dry
- Avoid activity in streams outside of preferred in-stream work windows.
- Minimize excavation and fill at stream crossings and other disturbances to stream
   banks and channels.
- Use materials that are clean, non-erodible and non-toxic.
- Avoid using soil as fill except when installing culverts.
- Avoid altering stream flow.
- Divert runoff from roads and trails leading to stream crossings into undisturbed
   vegetation. Avoid directing runoff directly into streams, including ephemeral streams.
- Stabilize approaches to stream crossings with aggregate or other suitable material.
- Stabilize exposed soil as soon as practicable.
- Maintain crossings in safe, functional condition.
- 40 Restore natural stream flow as soon as temporary crossings are no longer needed.
- 41 The use of a temporary matting may be considered to accommodate construction
   42 traffic.

			Proposed			Able to	Able to	Impact after	Impact	Action taken to	Explanation
Eastan	Resource	Review	Impact		Impact	avoid	reduce	review	delta	avoid or reduce	if unable to
Feature	Гуре	Date	(ac)	Impact Cause	Гуре	impact?	impact?	(ac)	(ac)	Impact	avoid
BA_G_143	Perennial	not recorded	0.003	Permanent Bladed access to a structure on top of hill.	Permanent	Possibly		0.003	0.000	Identified possible avoidance access from agg land to the south or northeast. Unable to verify due to limited access.	
487		6/22/2012		Tower site is near drainage.	Temporary	Yes				No Road Crossing, Trimmed Tower work area	
UM_G_110	Intermittent	not recorded	0.001	Existing Crossing	Permanent	No	No	0.001	0.000		Need Crossing to access 10 o 15 tower locations. No viable alternate access.
UM_G_31	Intermittent	not recorded	0.002	Overland Travel to 2 structures	Permanent	No	No	0.002	0.000		Only access to two structures
UM_G_70	Intermittent	not recorded	0.005	Pulling & Tensioning site encroaches drainage	Temporary	Yes	Yes	0.000	0.005	No Crossing Here, Trimmed P&T	
UM_G_83	Intermittent	not recorded	0.002	Existing Road Needs Repairs, Adjacent Intermittent Stream	Permanent	Yes	Yes	0.000	0.002	No Crossing - Shifted roadway approach	
UM_G_84	Intermittent	not recorded	0.002	New Bladed Road between towers	Permanent	Yes	Yes	0.000	0.002	Eliminate Crossing can access adjacent towers from either side.	
UM_G_100	Intermittent	not recorded	0.004	Existing access road to tower along ROW.	Permanent	Partial	Yes	0.002	0.002	Eliminate redundant crossings in ROW. Keep crossing to structure 414	

Feature	Resource Type	Review Date	Proposed Impact (ac)	Impact Cause	Impact Type	Able to avoid impact?	Able to reduce impact?	Impact after review (ac)	Impact delta (ac)	Action taken to avoid or reduce impact	Explanation if unable to avoid
UM_G_102	Intermittent	not recorded	0.002	Access road to tower within ROW	Temporary Construction	Yes	Yes	0.000	0.002	Eliminate redundant crossings in ROW. Keep upland access, Do not cross drainage	
UM_G_104	Intermittent	not recorded		Existing road should not need any work. Identified by wetlands/stream adjacent to road.	None					Will not deviate from existing road.	
UN_G_3	Intermittent	not recorded	0.002	Access road to one tower within ROW	Permanent	Yes	Yes	0.000	0.002	Eliminate overland travel road - Identified avoidance route from an existing road.	
UN_G_148	Intermittent	not recorded	0.004	Permanent access to structures	Permanent	Yes	Yes	0.000	0.004	Eliminated crossing. Access from the other side.	
BA_G_136	Intermittent	not recorded	0.004	Access between multiple structures on steep ridge.	Permanent	Partial	Yes	0.002	0.002	Eliminated access linking multiple towers in favor of access from either side.	Structure 795 if moved would exceed blowout criteria.
BA_G_165	Intermittent	not recorded		Buffer contacts riparian from existing County road.	None					Use County Road as is. (Plano Road)	
MA_G_3	Intermittent	not recorded	0.010	Existing road with multiple crossings of perennial stream complex required to access several towers.	Permanent	SOME	Partial	0.006	0.004	Eliminated redundant section of road and 3 crossings.	
MA_G_67	Intermittent	not recorded	0.002	Crossing of man- made irrigation canal. Existing	Permanent	No	No	0.002	0.000	Use as is with minor grading of approaches outside	Access to multiple towers.

Table L-1.	Avoidance and Minimization Actions	(continued)	)
			/

	Resource	Review	Proposed		Impact	Able to	Able to	Impact after	Impact	Action taken to	Explanation
Feature	Туре	Date	(ac)	Impact Cause	Туре	impact?	impact?	(ac)	(ac)	impact	avoid
				crossing may need minor grading work out of OHWM.						of OHWM.	Alternate routes have stream crossings as well.
MA_G_106	Intermittent	not recorded	0.003	New Bladed Road to link string of towers	Permanent	Yes	Yes	0.000	0.003	Located avoidance route from east and eliminated linkage between multiple towers	
529	Intermittent	6/24/2012	0.004	Old Logging Road with blown out culvert	Permanent	Yes	Yes		0.004	Eliaminate - Removed access road from layout.	
BA_G_165	Intermittent	6/8/2012		Existing Road Crossing						Keep Use existing road as is	
37 Willow	Intermittent	4/22/2012	0.010	Willow Creek Alt. - Overland Crossing along ROW.	Permanent	Partial	Yes	0.005	0.005	Eliminate Redundant crossing down T-line. Use existing ford crossing	Keep existing Crossing,
42 - Willow	Intermittent	4/22/2012	0.003	Crossing for access to 6 Structures in Middle of Span	Permanent	No	No	0.003	0.000	None	Keep. Potential Alternate Benson Creek Road has perennial ford crossing
UM_G_119	Perennial	not recorded		Perennial stream adjacent to existing Road	None					Use Existing Road	
UM_G_88	Perennial	not recorded	0.002	Existing Road to be improved to access tower through wetland and stream off main road.	Permanent	Yes	Yes	0.000	0.002	Eliminate Crossing can access adjacent towers from either side.	
UN G 100	Perennial	not recorded		Existing bridge over perennial	NONE					Use as is. If bridge isn't rated for	

**Table L-1.** Avoidance and Minimization Actions (continued)

Feature	Resource Type	Review Date	Proposed Impact (ac)	Impact Cause	Impact Type	Able to avoid impact?	Able to reduce impact?	Impact after review (ac)	Impact delta (ac)	Action taken to avoid or reduce impact	Explanation if unable to avoid
				stream						construction then access from the north.	
BA_G_203	Perennial	not recorded	0.003	Access to multiple structures.	Permanent	Yes	Partial	0.003	0.000	Use existing ford crossing for OM as is. Approach structures from either side for construction access.	Alternate avoidance route is 6.5 miles out of direction.
MA_G_147	Perennial	not recorded		Buffer contacts riparian from existing county road. One existing crossing to be used as is.	None					Use existing road with existing 18" CMP culvert as is.	
UN_G_44	Perennial - Graves Creek	not recorded	0.004	Graves Creek - Existing ford to access one tower location.	Permanent	Yes	Yes	0.000	0.004	Span channel with temporary structure if used for Construction. Alterate access will be from Mill Canyon Road is rugged and steep.	Use temporary channel spanning structure (bridge) for construction with no impact to stream. Use alternate route for long-term O&M.
MA_G_229	Perennial Owyhee River	not recorded		Existing Crossing	None					Use existing road as is.	
506	Perennial	6/23/2012		No Crossing Here	None					NA	
BA_G_143	Perennial	6/23/2012									
29 Proposed	Perennial	4/22/2012	0.004	Crossing on Durbin Creek	Permanent	Possible	Yes	0.000	0.004	Identified alternate access from Agg lands to the North.	
29 Willow	Perennial		0.004	Crossing on Durbin Creek	Permanent	Yes	Yes	0.000	0.004	Eliminated Crossing - Remove Fly Yard	

Table L-1.	Avoidance and Minimization Actions	(continued)	)								
		(	1								
Feature	Resource Type	Review Date	Proposed Impact (ac)	Impact Cause	Impact Type	Able to avoid impact?	Able to reduce impact?	Impact after review (ac)	Impact delta (ac)	Action taken to avoid or reduce impact	Explanation if unable to avoid
---------	------------------	----------------	----------------------------	--	----------------	-----------------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-------------------------	--	--------------------------------------
477	Perennial	6/22/2012		Existing Culvert	None					Use as is	
489	Perennial	6/22/2012		Ladd Creek; No Crossing - Using existing FS Road	None					NA	

## 1 Attachment M, Erosion and Sediment Control Plan

2 The Project's Erosion and Sediment Control Plan will be submitted with the final JPA.

### 3 Attachment N, Fish Passage

- 4 The Project will demonstrate compliance with Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW)
- 5 fish passage requirements. IPC has initiated communications with ODFW to ensure that
- 6 designs forwarded for the project will comply with fish passage parameters. Compliance may be
- 7 achieved by meeting the requirements of some or all of OAR 635-412-0020(3)(a), (b), (d) or (e).
- 8 OAR 635-412-0020
- 9 (3) If the Department determines, or the owner or operator assumes, that native migratory fish
- 10 are or were historically present in the waters, prior to construction, fundamental change in
- 11 permit status, or abandonment of the artificial obstruction the person owning or operating the 12 artificial obstruction shall either:
- (a) Obtain from the Department an approval determination of a fish passage plan that meets therequirements of OAR 635-412-0035 for the specific artificial obstruction.
- (b) obtain from the Department a programmatic approval of a fish passage plan for multipleartificial obstructions of the same type...
- (d) obtain a waiver from fish passage requirements for the artificial obstruction as provided inOAR 635-412-0025, or
- (e) obtain an exemption from fish passage requirements for the artificial obstruction as providedin OAR 635-412-0025.

# Attachment O, Description of Resources: Wetlands and Waters

#### 22 Characteristics

- 23 Wetlands and other waters proposed for impact are described in tables O-1 and O-2,
- respectively, below.
- 25

Wetland ID	Location		Cowardin		Perm	Temp	Hydrology	Predominant Plants		S
code	map No.	Milepost	Class	HGM Class	Acres	Acres	Source	Herbaceous	Scrub-shrub	Trees
MO_G_64	J-1A 4	33.6	PEM	RIVERINE	0.005277	0.137	TBD			
UM_G_26	J-1B 03	62.9	PEM	RIVERINE		0.007	TBD			
UM_G_80	J-1B 12	88.7	PEM	SLOPE		0.050	TBD	Alopecurus pratensis, Juncus articulatis	none	none
UM_G_82	J-1B 14	91.4	PEM	RIVERINE	0.230290	0.011	TBD	Veratrum californicus, Trifolium repens, Calamagratis canadensis	Scirpus microcarpus, Ribes lacustre, Symphoricarp os albus, Rubus parviflorus	Pseudotsuga menziesii, Abies grandis
UN_G_137	J-1C 22	127.3	PEM	SLOPE	0.021413	0.021	TBD	Deschampsia cespitosa, Juncus articulatus	Ribes cereum	none
UN_G_41	J-1C 06	109.4	PEM	RIVERINE	0.186872	0.187	TBD	Juncus effusus gracilis, Phleum pratense, Juncus acuminatus, Juncus balticus, Scirpus cyperinus	Crataegus douglasii	Crataegus douglasii
UN_G_46	J-1C 08	109.7	PEM	RIVERINE	0.005350	0.005	TBD			
UNpro_096C	J-1C 23	127.6	PEM	SLOPE-CANAL		0.021	TBD	Carex nebrascensis, Phleum pratense	none	none
23082012_104 0_NK	J-1D 27	0.4	PEM	RIVERINE	0.040866	0.114	TBD	Calamagrostis canadensis	none	none

Table O-1	Characteristics of Wetlands Proposed for Removal Fill Impacts
	characteristics of wetlands r roposed for removal r in impacts

Wetland ID	Location		Cowordin		Dorm	Tomp	Hydrology	Predominant Plants		
code	map No.	Milepost	Class	HGM Class	Acres	Acres	Source	Herbaceous	Scrub-shrub	Trees
BA_G_115	J-1D 11	171.1	PEM	SLOPE-CANAL	0.000218	0.002	TBD	Carex cappilaris, Juncus bufonius	none	none
BA_G_118	J-1D 12	171.4	PEM	RIVERINE	0.005282	0.011	TBD			
BA_G_132	J-1D 17	179.8	PEM	RIVERINE	0.006245	0.008	TBD			
BA_G_142	J-1D 21	182.4	PEM	RIVERINE	0.005273	0.006	TBD			
BA_G_144	J-1D 22	183.1	PEM	SLOPE	0.000147		TBD	Juncus acuminatus, Achillea millefolium, Rannunculus glaberrimus	Artemesia tridentata	none
BA_G_147	J-1D 23	182.8	PEM	SLOPE	0.003612		TBD	Carex sp., Juncus ensifolius, Eleocharis palustris, Aster halii	none	none
BA_G_166	J-1D 25	185.6	PSSC	RIVERINE	0.012263		TBD	Carex sp., Rumex crispus, Typha latifolia	none	none
BA_G_178	J-1D 30	190.1	PEM	RIVERINE		0.005	TBD			
BA_G_186	J-1D 31	191.4	PEM	RIVERINE	0.012361	0.098	TBD			
BA_G_210	J-1D 35	197.8	PFO	RIVERINE	0.028556		TBD	Dactylis glomelata, Polypogon monspeliensis, Agastache vatifolia	none	none
BA_G_222	J-1D 38	201.2	PEM	SLOPE		0.006	TBD	Eleocharis palustrus, Juncus	Rosa woodsii	

**Table O-1.** Characteristics of Wetlands Proposed for Removal Fill Impacts (continued)

Wotland ID	Location		Cowardin		Porm	Tomp	Hydrology	Predominant Plants		
code	map No.	Milepost	Class	HGM Class	Acres	Acres	Source	Herbaceous	Scrub-shrub	Trees
								balticus, Carex aquatilus		
BA_G_46	J-1D 07	156.1	PEM	RIVERINE	0.003426		TBD			
BA_G_48	J-1D 07	155.9	PEM	RIVERINE	0.014150		TBD			
BA_G_80	J-1D 09	164.8	PEM	RIVERINE	0.005698		TBD			
BApro_326	J-1D 42	202.1	PAB	DEPRESSIONA L	0.009739	0.056	TBD	Bidens cernua, Typha latifolia	none	none
BApro_332	J-1D 30	1.9	PSSB	RIVERINE		0.021	TBD			
BApro_594	J-1D 27	0.1	PEM	RIVERINE	0.036297	0.060	TBD	Calamagrostis canadensis	none	Populus balsamifera
08112012_152 4_JRS	J-1E 36	246.8	PEM	SLOPE	0.074320	0.085	TBD	Scirpus acutus, Polypogon monspeliensis	none	none
MA_G_12	J-1E 09	210.1	PEM	RIVERINE	0.006171	0.007	TBD			
MA_G_128	J-1E 26	233.7	PEM	RIVERINE	0.011888	0.008	TBD			
MA_G_141	J-1E 29	238.5	PSSB	SLOPE	0.373944	0.426	TBD			
MA_G_19	J-1E 10	210.5	PEM	RIVERINE	0.006430	0.039	TBD			
MA_G_203	J-1E 37	253.8	PUS	DEPRESSIONA L-MM		0.001	TBD			
MA_G_228	J-1E 40	261.3	PSSB	SLOPE		0.097	TBD			
MA_G_24	J-1E 11	211.8	PEM	SLOPE	0.005870	0.015	TBD			
MA_G_267	J-1E 46	273.6	PEM	RIVERINE	0.006744	0.003	TBD			
MA_G_269	J-1E 46	273.6	PSSB	SLOPE		0.000	TBD	Agostis sp., Polypogon monspeliensis, Poa pratensis, Trifolium fragiferum	Rosa woodsii	Eleagnus angustifolia, Fraxinus latifolia
MA_G_277	J-1E 48	274.7	PEM	SLOPE		0.041	TBD			
MA_G_37	J-1E 13	214.2	PEM	RIVERINE	0.061539	0.100	TBD			
MA_G_43	J-1E 14	215.4	PEM	DEPRESSIONA L	0.013026	0.025	TBD			

Table O-1.	Characteristics of Wetlands Pro	posed for Removal Fill Im	pacts (continued)
		p0000 101 1 01110 vai 1 111 1111	

Wotland ID	Location		Cowardin		Porm	Tomp	Hydrology	Predominant Plants			
code	map No.	Milepost	Class	HGM Class	Acres	Acres	Source	Herbaceous	Scrub-shrub	Trees	
MA_G_44	J-1E 14	215.4	PEM	RIVERINE		0.029	TBD				
Malpro_225	J-1E 34	239.2	PEM	RIVERINE- CANAL		0.037	TBD				
Malpro_570	J-1E 08	209.7	PEM	SLOPE	0.002881	0.004	TBD				
Malpro_573	J-1E 33	238.7	PSSB	SLOPE	0.061426	0.561	TBD	Distichlis spicata	Sarcobatus vermiculatus	none	
Malpro_576	J-1E 04	207	PEM	RIVERINE	0.000884	0.001	TBD				
Malpro_578	J-1E 03	206.9	PEM	RIVERINE		0.003	TBD				
MalWllwCk_21 4	J-1E 23	22.6	PEM	RIVERINE	0.002707	0.002	TBD				
MalWllwCrk_3 22	J-1E 06	10.4	PEM	RIVERINE		0.124	TBD	Juncus balticus, Polypogon monspeliensis			
MalWllwCrk_6 21	J-1D 44	3.4	PEM	RIVERINE	0.014801	0.017	TBD				
MApro_134	J-1E 14	217.2	PEM	RIVERINE		0.000	TBD	Scirpus americanus, Agrostis alba	none	none	
MApro_446- NWI	J-1E 50	275.8	PEM	SLOPE	0.002622	0.001	TBD	Eleocharis palustris, Hordeum brachyantheru m, Agrostis stolonifera	Elaeagnus angustifolia, Tamarix ramosissima	none	
MApro_502	J-1E 35	3.6	PEM	RIVERINE		0.008	TBD				
MApro_504	J-1E 26	233.7	PEM	RIVERINE		0.006	TBD				

**Table O-1.** Characteristics of Wetlands Proposed for Removal Fill Impacts (continued)

			Cowardin					
Wetland ID code	Location map No.	Milepost	Class	HGM Class	Perm Acres	Temp Acres	Flow Duration	Fish Presence <sup>1</sup>
UM_G_104	J-1B 18	95.2	R4SB	Riverine	0.002	0.002	Intermittent	No
UM_G_110	J-1B 04	65.4	R4SB	Riverine	0.002	0.002	Intermittent	No
UM_G_31	J-1B 04	65.4	R4SB	Riverine	0.003	0.003	Intermittent	No
UN_G_130	J-1C 19	126.1	R4SB	Riverine	0.003	0.003	Intermittent	No
UN_G_131	J-1C 23	126.5	R4SB	Riverine	0.005	0.005	Intermittent	No
UN_G_141	J-1C 24	128.3	R4SB	Riverine	0.008	0.008	Intermittent	No
UN_G_58	J-1C 10	111.3	R4SB	Riverine	0.005	0.005	Intermittent	No
UN_G_73	J-1C 14	5.9	R3UB	Riverine	0.010	0.010	Perennial	No
UN_G_75	J-1C 13	6.6	R3UB	Riverine	0.008	0.008	Perennial	No
UN12_1273	J-1C 13	114	R4SB	Riverine	0.004	0.004	Intermittent	No
UN12_1365	J-1C 21	127.3	R4SB	Riverine	0.010	0.010	Intermittent	No
BA_G_203	J-1D 33	195.4	R3UB	Riverine	0.002	0.002	Perennial	No
BA12_1512	J-1D 18	180.6	R4SB	Riverine	0.020	0.020	Intermittent	No
BA12_1542	J-1D 43	3.7	R4SB	Riverine	0.003	0.003	Intermittent	No
BApro_341	J-1D 29	2	R3UB	Riverine	0.003	0.003	Perennial	No
MA_G_103	J-1E 20	225.9	R4SB	Riverine	0.004	0.004	Intermittent	No
MA_G_110	J-1E 21	227	R4SB	Riverine	0.004	0.004	Intermittent	No
MA_G_127	J-1E 26	233.7	R3UB	Riverine	0.060	0.060	Perennial	No
MA_G_23	J-1E 11	211.8	R4SB	Riverine	0.003	0.003	Intermittent	No
MA_G_293	J-1E 35	3.6	R4SB	Riverine	0.060	0.060	Intermittent	No
MA_G_3a	J-1E 04	206.8	R4SB	Riverine	0.003	0.003	Intermittent	No
MA_G_3b	J-1E 04	207.8	R4SB	Riverine	0.003	0.003	Intermittent	No
MA_G_3c	J-1E 03	208.8	R4SB	Riverine	0.003	0.003	Intermittent	No
MA_G_7	J-1E 07	207.8	R4SB	Riverine	0.001	0.001	Intermittent	No
MA12_1674	J-1E 39	14.3	R4SB	Riverine		0.002	Intermittent	No
MalWllwCrk_375	J-1D 42	2.3	R4SB	Riverine	0.005		Intermittent	No
MalWllwCrk_375	J-1D 42	3.3	R4SB	Riverine		0.013	Intermittent	No

### Table O-2. Characteristics of Other Waters Proposed for Removal or Fill Impacts

1/ Fish presence determination is based on the best information available at the time of document preparation, including consultation with ODFW fish biologists. Determinations are preliminary and subject to change based on new information.